Income Support and Wage Subsidy Weekly Update

Week ending 25 September 2020



1,115 increase

in the number of Jobseeker Support recipients, when comparing 25 September (203,389) with 18 September 2020 (202,274).

1,689 decrease

in the number of COVID-19 Income Relief Payment recipients, when comparing 25 September (12,884) with 18 September 2020 (14,573).

1,890 cancels into work

from the combined cancels from Jobseeker Support and CIRP during the week ending 25 September.

12.2 percent

of the estimated New Zealand working-age population received a main benefit as at 25 September.

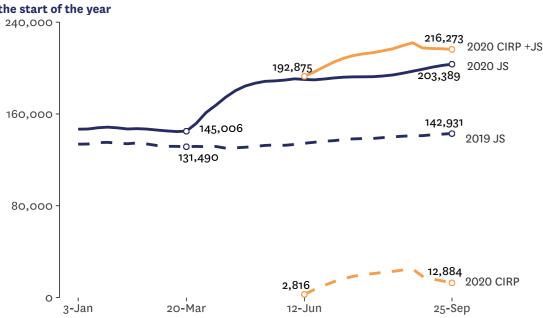
1,602 in the week ending 18 September 2020. 6.8 percent received Jobseeker Support.

350 increase

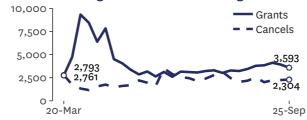
in the number of Special Needs Grants granted during the week ending 25 September (23,956) when compared with 18 September 2020 (23,606).

Jobseeker Support (JS) and COVID-19 Income Relief Payment (CIRP)

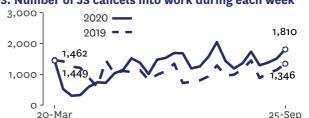




2. Number of JS grants and cancels during each week

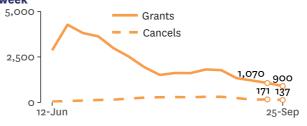


3. Number of JS cancels into work during each week

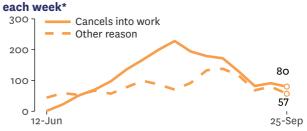


18.2 percent (653) of the 3,593 grants for Jobseeker Support were transfers of clients from CIRP to Jobseeker Support, during the week ending 25 September 2020.

4. Number of CIRP grants and cancels during each week*

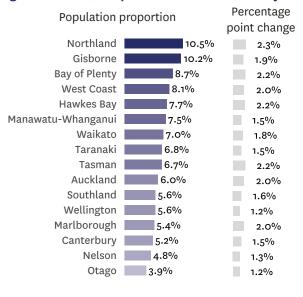


5. Number of CIRP cancels by selected reason during



There were 2,444 cancels off CIRP for the reason 'End of Entitlement' during the week ending 25 September. A CIRP client may not have received their full entitlement at the time of the cancellation, and will receive the remainder of the entitlement over subsequent pay dates.

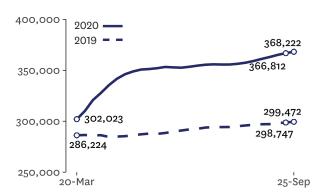
6. Percentage of the estimated New Zealand population aged 15-64 receiving Jobseeker Support, by Regional Council, compared with the start of the year



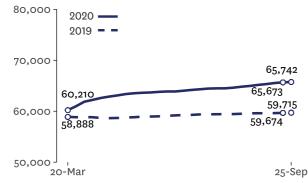
Main benefits

Main benefit numbers are working age (those aged 18-64 years). Supplementary and hardship assistance are all ages.

7. Number of main benefit recipients



8. Number of Sole Parent Support recipients



108,628 jobs currently supported by the Wage Subsidy as at 25 September 2020, of which 142

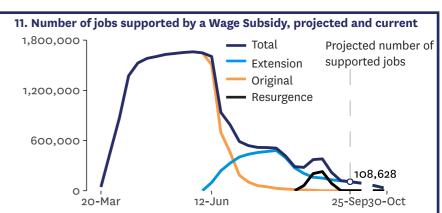
were for Original Wage Subsidy, 107,109 were for Wage Subsidy Extension, and 1,377 were for Resurgence Wage Subsidy.

Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme

758,264 approved applications, and \$14.0 billion paid out, between 20 March and 25 September 2020.

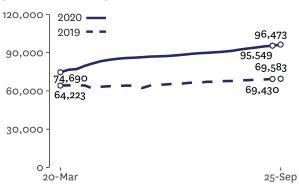
The Resurgence Wage Subsidy has 293,699 jobs associated with a paid

application, worth \$314.9 million up to 25 September 2020.

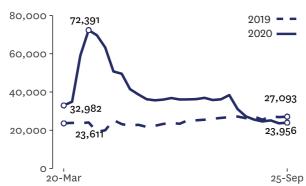


Supplementary assistance and hardship assistance

9. Number of Temporary Additional Support and **Special Benefit recipients**



10. Number of Special Needs Grants granted during each week



\$457.8 million

Wage Subsidy Refunds 15,713 refunds

is the total value of refunds received up to the 25 September, an increase of \$9.1 million when compared with the week ending 18 September 2020.

received in total up to the 25 September, an increase of 461 when compared with the week ending 18 September 2020.

Receipt of main benefit or supplementary assistance are counts of the number of people who are in primary receipt only, while CIRP recipients are counts of the total number of people supported by this

Hardship grants are counts of grants, rather than clients. A client can receive multiple grants. Special Needs Grants (SNGs) are the sum of grants during each week.

Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment data are point-in-time or cumulative. Cumulative data sums data from the start of the Wage Subsidy (week ending 20 March 2020), the Leave Payment (week ending 1 May 2020), Wage Subsidy Extension (week ending 12 June 2020) and the Resurgence Wage Subsidy (week ending 21 August 2020). The numbers currently reported for the Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme are counts of jobs supported by the scheme within the respective 8, 12, or 2 week subsidy period.

*There have been minor revisions back to 12 June 2020, following adjustments to the method with which data is extracted from MSDs administrative system. Further details on the revision can be found in

For population proportions, the estimated New Zealand population is used as at the previous June each year, unless otherwise stated. Current estimates as at June 2019 are used in this document.

There may be variations when comparing quarterly and monthly, to weekly data reported by MSD. This is due to the different business rules used, allowing for processing time for payments. During public holidays, the processing time may need to be advanced to the Thursday or the Wednesday. If a public holiday lands on the following Monday or the Friday, the monthly and quarterly data will have a different extract date from the weekly data, which is always extracted on Fridays. Caution should be exercised when comparing data between weekly, monthly, and quarterly data releases.